

```

1 import numpy as np
2 import pylab as pl
3 from scipy.linalg import expm
4 from scipy.sparse.linalg import eigs
5
6 def tebd(B_list,s_list,U,chi_list,chi_max):
7     " Updates the B and s matrices using U_bond and the TEBD protocol "
8     d = U.shape[0]
9
10    for ibond in [0,1]:
11        ia = np.mod(ibond,2); ib = np.mod(ibond+1,2)
12
13        # Construct theta matrix (see Hastings)#
14        C = np.tensordot(B_list[ia][:,:chi_list[ib],:chi_list[ia]],B_list[ib][:,:chi_list[ia],:chi_list[ib]],axes=(2,1))
15        C = np.tensordot(C,U,axes=((0,2],[0,1]))
16        theta = np.reshape(np.transpose(np.transpose(C)*s_list[ib][:chi_list[ib]]),(1,3,0,2)),(d*chi_list[ib],d*chi_list[ib]))
17        C = np.reshape(np.transpose(C,(2,0,3,1)),(d*chi_list[ib],d*chi_list[ib]))
18
19        # Schmidt decomposition #
20        theta[np.abs(theta)<10**(-10)] = 0
21        X, Y, Z = np.linalg.svd(theta,full_matrices=0)
22        Z = Z.T
23        W = np.dot(C,Z.conj())
24        chi_list[ia] = np.min([np.sum(Y>10.**(-8)), chi_max])
25
26        # Obtain the new values for B and l #
27        invsq = np.sqrt(sum(Y[:chi_list[ia]]**2))
28        s_list[ia][:chi_list[ia]] = Y[0:chi_list[ia]]/invsq
29        B_list[ia][:,:chi_list[ib],:chi_list[ia]] = np.reshape(W[:,:chi_list[ia]],(d,chi_list[ib],chi_list[ia]))/invsq
30        B_list[ib][:,:chi_list[ia],:chi_list[ib]] = np.transpose(np.reshape(Z[:,:chi_list[ia]],(d,chi_list[ib],chi_list[ia])),(0,2,1))
31
32    def representation(B_list,R,chi):
33        # Construct the mixed transfermatrix
34        T = np.tensordot(R,B_list[0],axes=(0,0))
35        T = np.tensordot(T,np.conj(B_list[0]),axes=(0,0))
36        T = np.tensordot(T,B_list[1],axes=(1,1))
37        T = np.tensordot(R,T,axes=(0,3))
38        T = np.tensordot(T,np.conj(B_list[1]),axes=((0,3],[0,1]))
39        T = np.reshape(T,(chi**2,chi**2))
40
41        # Obtain the dominant eigenvector
42        eta,v = eigs(T,k=1)
43        return eta,np.reshape(v,(chi,chi))
44
45    ##### Define the simulation parameter #####
46    chi_max=20; delta=0.1; N=2000;d=3
47
48    ##### Define Ising Hamiltonian and get U #####
49    Sx = np.array([[0,1,0],[1,0,1],[0,1,0]])/np.sqrt(2)
50    Sy = np.array([[0,-1j,0],[1j,0,-1j],[0,1j,0]])/np.sqrt(2)
51    Sz = np.array([[1,0,0],[0,0,0],[0,0,-1]])
52
53    for D in np.arange(0.0,2.0,0.4):
54        ##### Get H and imaginary time evolution U #####
55        H = np.kron(Sx,Sx) + np.kron(Sy,Sy) + np.kron(Sz,Sz) + D*np.kron(np.dot(Sz,Sz),np.eye(d))
56        U = np.real(np.reshape(expm(-delta*H),(d,d,d,d)))
57
58        ##### Initial state : |+-+> + |000> #####
59        BA = np.zeros((d,chi_max,chi_max),dtype=float);BA[0,0,0] = 1.;BA[1,1,1] = 1.
60        BB = np.zeros((d,chi_max,chi_max),dtype=float);BB[2,0,0] = 1.;BB[1,1,1] = 1.
61        B_list = [BA,BB]
62        s = np.zeros((chi_max));s[0:2] = 1.
63        s_list = [s,s]
64        chi_list = [np.array([2]),np.array([2])]
65
66        ##### Find the Ground state #####
67        for step in range(1, N):
68            tebd(B_list,s_list,U,chi_list,chi_max)
69
70        ##### Get the topological invariant #####
71        eta_x,U_x = representation(B_list,expm(1j*np.pi*Sx),chi_max)
72        eta_z,U_z = representation(B_list,expm(1j*np.pi*Sz),chi_max)
73        I = np.trace(np.dot(np.dot(np.dot(U_x,U_z),np.conj(U_x.T)),np.conj(U_z.T)))
74        print D
75        print "--> Overlaps (Rx and Rz) ", np.real(eta_x),np.real(eta_z)
76        print "--> Entanglement spectrum: ",s_list[0][0:4]
77        print "--> UxUzUx^+Uz^+: ",np.real(I/np.abs(I))
78        print

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